what really happened?

TOP SECRET

‘Leaked’ documents shed new light on outcome of ‘Battle of Los Angeles’

By Robert Wood

That 1,430 anti-aircraft rounds were fired at an unidentified object or objects over Los Angeles, California, early the morning of February 25, 1942—approximately two and a half months after the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor—never has been seriously challenged. What’s new in the story is that five “leaked” and formerly highly classified documents trace the beginnings of a reverse-engineering project of non-terrestrial craft back to that 1942 event, which has come to be known as the “Battle of Los Angeles.”

According to the documents, two U.S. presidents were aware of the top-secret project. One memo provides evidence that U.S. military had recovered two craft believed to be of “interplanetary origin,” prompting investigation of War Department files for evidence of any other such craft. The documents also indicate existence of a “Special Committee on Non-Terrestrial Science and Technology” and imply strong government interest in supporting study of non-terrestrial biology and physics.

The documents came into the possession of Timothy Cooper, a former Marine who in the early 1990s had requested documents pertaining to UFOs from federal agencies through the Freedom of Information Act. As a result, Cooper received a few official responses and a number of documents. (Evaluation of the content of documents Cooper received prior to 2000 is reported in MUFON Symposium Proceedings of 2000 and 2001.)

On September 6, 2000, Cooper received an envelope containing copies of several letters relevant to the “Battle of Los Angeles.” Their content, scope, and implications are the topic of this article. In all, Cooper received more than 100 documents from 10 reported sources. All of the documents and in some cases the envelopes they came in now are in my possession. Letters received before 2000 have been published by Wood and Wood, along with a Special Operations Manual Continued on page 4

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what really happened after the ‘Battle of Los Angeles’?

TOP SECRET

MEMORANDUM FOR PRESIDENT

The following is the information we have from us at this moment regarding the air alert over Los Angeles of yesterday morning:

1. Undiscovered airplanes, other than American Army or Navy planes, were probably over Los Angeles and were fired on by elements of the 37th CA Brigade (418) between 3:12 and 4:15 AM. Some of these were reported to be 2,370 pounds of ammunition.

2. At least 15 airplanes may have been involved, flying at various speeds from what is officially reported as being 'very slow' to as high as 280 mph and at altitudes from 9,000 to 15,000 feet.

3. Bombs were dropped.

4. Casualties among our troops.

5. No airplanes were shot down.

6. No American Army or Navy planes were in action.

Investigation continuing. It seems reasonable to conclude that if unidentified airplanes were involved they may have been from commercial sources, operated by enemy agents for purposes of spreading alarm, dissolving locations of anti-aircraft positions, and shooting production through blackout. Such conclusion is supported by varying speed of operation and the fact that no bombs were dropped.

[Signature]
Chief of Staff.

February 26, 1942

TOP SECRET

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
February 07, 1942

MEMORANDUM FOR
CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE ARMY

I have considered the disposition of the material in possession of the Army that may be of great significance toward the development of a super weapon of war. I disagree with the opinion that such information should be shared with our ally the Soviet Union. Consultation with Dr. Bush and other scientists on the issue of finding practical uses for the atom weapons learned from study of recent atomic provisions may further discussion and I order immediate action. The project will proceed with the project without further delay. This information is vital to the nation’s security and must remain within the confines of state secrets. Any further discussion on the matter will be restricted to General Marshall, Dr. Bush, the Secretary of War and myself. The challenge our nation faces in this time of peril and in the understanding and I have cancelled the request of the government to the end. You have my assurance that when circumstances are favorable and we are victorious, the Army will have the tools of research in exploring further applications of this new wonder.

You may speak to me about this if the alert is not wholly done.

FDR

TOP SECRET

Texts of these documents begin on page 18.

Continued from page 3 describing procedures for the recovery and disposition of extraterrestrial technology and entities. Five of the documents received in 2000—memos and letters written by or to highly placed U.S. government officials—are relevant.

1 Initial Announcement

The original Los Angeles copy of this memorandum for President Franklin Roosevelt, dated February 26, 1942, is in the George C. Marshall Foundation Library in Lexington, Virginia. It has been declassified from “secret” to “unclassified,” and its authenticity is not disputed. One of the copies with a handwritten notation “file” also has an identification number of OCS 21347-86 in the upper left corner, indicating that it was filed by the Office of the Chief of Staff.

2 Two Days Later

The next memo is from President Roosevelt to Marshall, instructing him to ensure secrecy. The president especially was interested in preventing the Soviets from learning anything about this incident. This document authorizes Dr. Vannevar Bush to “proceed with the project without further delay.” Cooper received a retyped version of the memo, with the following handwritten note on the bottom: “This is a retyped version of FDR’s memo from DOE’s [Department of Energy]’s TS [top secret] files.”

Three things are noteworthy. First, it is suspected that a forensic linguistic evaluation would show consistency with syntax and language of President Roosevelt. This evaluation is underway but not complete. Second, since this is a retyped version of the original memo, it is not possible to analyze the ink, paper, or watermark in a useful way. Third, this handwriting notation at the bottom probably is the handwriting of the “leaker” and appears on other documents received by Cooper.
Two Weeks Later

On March 5, 1942, Marshall responded with a detailed memo declaring that he had established review of “unconventional aerial phenomenon” (sic) going back to 1897. The copy of this memo is illegible in places, but it provides confirming detail about the recovery of two objects associated with the "Battle of Los Angeles."

The following points are significant: (1) This probably is the first time that the Navy was in possession of a downed craft, since the recovery at Cape Girardeau in 1941 was by the FBI and the Army.

(2) The file category, apparently added later since the type fonts are different, was “Interplanetary Phenomenon Unit” (I.P.U.). This is consistent with other claims of the existence of such a unit. (3) One filing number is consistent with that of the original “secret” Marshall memo of February 26, and the reference to another OCS number is OCS xx336-20. It would be good to determine the title of this filing category. (4) The caveat of “top secret” is underlined, consistent with the procedures of that era. (5) This memo would be consistent with the Army’s initiation of a research project to investigate the phenomena and naturally would have migrated in 1947 to the Air Force from the Army Air Corps.

Two Years Later

In 1944, Roosevelt wrote a memo to the “Special Committee on Non-Terrestrial Science and Technology.” This memo apparently was in reply to an earlier request for money, possibly for a “reverse-engineering” project to evaluate the craft the United States had captured. FDR’s skillfully written reply (also subject to forensic linguistic analysis) stated that when the Nazis were beaten and World War II was over,

Continued on page 6
Continued from page 5

there would be plenty of money for this project.

The classification “double top secret” originally was thought to be too good to be true. A short hunt in the Library of Congress, however, yielded a great example of the same caveat being used on a document relevant to the invasion of Italy later in World War II. An obvious issue of major impact is the apparent existence of such a committee and who its members might have been.

Five Years Later

The last letter in the “leaker” files is one from Vannevar Bush to President Harry Truman. Bush was the recognized head of the Office of Scientific Research and Development (OSRD) during and at the end of World War II. It would have been the logical for him to have been involved with the “Non-Terrestrial Science and Technology Committee,” and he may have been its chairman.

Since Franklin Roosevelt was dead, Bush apparently felt it necessary (and also timely in view of massive media coverage of flying saucers in June and July of 1947) to formally brief Truman about the early wartime recoveries and to encourage implementation of an aggressive reverse-engineering program. The two-page letter clearly states that it will be in the United States’ best interests to discover this technology and apply it to achieve a higher standard of living in the United States.

Authenticity Arguments

Stanton Friedman and some other researchers have offered specific challenges about the authenticity of a small number of documents received by Cooper. None of the challenges involve the documents here discussed. While it is conceivable that one of Cooper’s sources may have provided deceptive copies, the other seven sources may have been independent and genuinely attempting to convey the truth as they knew it.
TOP SECRET

The following arguments support the authenticity of the five documents discussed in this article:
- The original envelope they arrived in clearly went through the mail.
- Photograph analysis of the object in the searchlights is not inconsistent with a UFO.
- The original memo from Marshall to Roosevelt is of unchallenged authenticity and has a file number.
- The same file number shows up on the Interplanetary Phenomenon Unit memo.
- The style of language is reminiscent of Roosevelt, and objective syntax evaluation is expected to disclose a high probability that he is the author of the memos that bear his name.
- Linguistic forensic evaluation of Vannevar Bush’s letter also is expected to confirm its authenticity.
- Events mentioned in the correspondence match history.
- The timing of crash recoveries during World War II is consistent with the United States’ speedy ability to make new discoveries after the war.

All of these factors indicate that the “Battle of Los Angeles” may have been the most important event in the development of modern society—and well could have prompted the remarkable sophistication of the secrecy surrounding the capture and recovery of UFOs and UFO technology.

Robert Wood, who has a Ph.D. in experimental physics, retired from McDonnell Douglas in 1993. He worked on the design for the International Space Station, is a long-time MUFON member, and he and his son, Ryan, created the television documentary The Secret, which highlights the scope and process of “leaked” classified documents about UFOs.

Bright lights over Hollywood

With dozens of epic space films released in the past few decades, an extraterrestrial invasion of California is hardly news. Interplanetary conflicts are the stuff of which action-packed science-fiction movies are made. One of Hollywood’s latest, Battle: Los Angeles, features a Marine platoon facing off against an invasion of space aliens—in—you guessed it—the movie capital of planet Earth. Battle: Los Angeles is directed by Jonathan Liebesman, the creative force behind The Texas Chainsaw Massacre: The Beginning (2006). His latest flick is set to be released in February. Whether it will be another stellar hit like 2001: A Space Odyssey or go the sad way of Robinson Crusoe on Mars remains to be seen.—J.C.

These “leaked” and formerly highly classified documents trace the path of non-terrestrial reverse engineering in the early 1940s. Texts of the documents are reprinted in their entirety beginning on page 18.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>From</th>
<th>To</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Feb. 26, 1942</td>
<td>George Marshall</td>
<td>Franklin Roosevelt</td>
<td>Memorandum for the President</td>
<td>&quot;expended 1430 rounds of ammunition&quot;</td>
<td>SECRET declassified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feb. 27, 1942</td>
<td>Franklin Roosevelt</td>
<td>George Marshall</td>
<td>Memorandum for the Chief of Staff of the Army</td>
<td>do not share information &quot;with our ally the Soviet Union&quot; &quot;Army will have the fruits&quot;</td>
<td>TOP SECRET</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mar. 6, 1942</td>
<td>George Marshall</td>
<td>Franklin Roosevelt</td>
<td>Memorandum for the President</td>
<td>United States captured two craft; thorough investigation of War Department files ordered</td>
<td>TOP SECRET</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feb. 24, 1944</td>
<td>Franklin Roosevelt</td>
<td>Special Committee on Non-Terrestrial Science and Technology</td>
<td>Memorandum for the Special Committee on Non-Terrestrial Science and Technology</td>
<td>&quot;not to engage in exploratory research but to win the war as soon as possible&quot;</td>
<td>DOUBLE TOP SECRET</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 5, 1944</td>
<td>Vannevar Bush</td>
<td>Harry Truman</td>
<td>Letter of Transmittal</td>
<td>&quot;It is clear... he had in mind the non-terrestrial sciences, including biology and physics&quot; &quot;rewards of such exploration for the Nation and the individual are great&quot;</td>
<td>OSDR TOP SECRET OPERATION MAJESTIC-12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>